

HPD UNIQUE IDENTIFIER: 28649

CLASSIFICATION: 22 40 00 Plumbing Fixtures

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Copper-Nickel-Tin Alloy, Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloy (Nickel Silver), and Copper-Nickel Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar with EPA Registration for Antimicrobial Public Health Claims, as manufactured by a Copper Development Association member, per ASTM B122. ASTM B122 establishes the requirements for (amongst other alloys) copper-nickel alloy plates, sheets, strips, and rolled bars. These materials may be used as finished products or as part of larger products or systems. In the latter case, the materials do not experience any chemical changes; rather, they are physically altered to meet the application requirements. Additional Classifications can be found in Section 5: General Notes.

Section 1: Summary

Nested Method / Product Threshold

CONTENT INVENTORY

| | | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| <p>Inventory Reporting Format</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Nested Materials Method</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Basic Method</p> <p>Threshold Disclosed Per</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Material</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Product</p> | <p>Threshold Level</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 100 ppm</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 1,000 ppm</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Per GHS SDS</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Other</p> | <p>Residuals/Impurities</p> <p>Considered in 10 of 10 Materials</p> <p>Explanation(s) provided for Residuals/Impurities?</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p> | <p><i>All Substances Above the Threshold Indicated Are:</i></p> <p>Characterized <input type="radio"/> Yes Ex/SC <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p> <p><i>% weight and role provided for all substances.</i></p> <p>Screened <input type="radio"/> Yes Ex/SC <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p> <p><i>All substances screened using Priority Hazard Lists with results disclosed.</i></p> <p>Identified <input type="radio"/> Yes Ex/SC <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</p> <p><i>All substances disclosed by Name (Specific or Generic) and Identifier.</i></p> |
|--|--|---|---|

CONTENT IN DESCENDING ORDER OF QUANTITY

Summary of product contents and results from screening individual chemical substances against HPD Priority Hazard Lists and the GreenScreen for Safer Chemicals®. The HPD does not assess whether using or handling this product will expose individuals to its chemical substances or any health risk. Refer to Section 2 for further details.

MATERIAL | SUBSTANCE | RESIDUAL OR IMPURITY
GREENSCREEN SCORE | HAZARD TYPE

UNS C70600 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM IRON LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN] UNS C70620 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM IRON LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU GRAPHITE LT-UNK LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN PHOSPHORUS BM-2 | MAM | PHY SULFUR, ELEMENTAL LT-UNK | SKI] UNS C71000 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN IRON LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU] UNS C71500 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM IRON LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN] UNS C71520 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM IRON LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU GRAPHITE LT-UNK LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN PHOSPHORUS BM-2 | MAM | PHY SULFUR, ELEMENTAL LT-UNK | SKI] UNS C72500 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM TIN, ORGANIC LT-UNK LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP IRON LT-P1 | END ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU] UNS C73500 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP IRON LT-P1 | END LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN] UNS C74000 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP

Number of Greenscreen BM-4/BM3 contents ... 0

Contents highest concern GreenScreen Benchmark or List translator Score ... BM-1
Nanomaterial ... No

INVENTORY AND SCREENING NOTES:

Special Conditions applied: [MetalAlloy]. The product formulation was created using the ASTM standard to identify acceptable copper alloys. The formulation of each of these alloys was generated from the UNS designation, as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. The specific material formulation should be obtained directly from the manufacturer of the product chosen. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements encapsulated therein, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. All GreenScreen BenchMark scores are supplied by the Pharos database.

IRON LT-P1 | END] UNS C74500 COPPER ALLOY [COPPER LT-UNK ZINC
LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL |
SKI | MAM LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL | CAN | DEV | GEN IRON LT-P1
| END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP] UNS C75200 COPPER ALLOY
[COPPER LT-UNK NICKEL (METALLIC) LT-1 | CAN | RES | MUL | SKI | MAM
ZINC LT-P1 | END | MUL | PHY | AQU LEAD BM-1 | END | PBT | REP | MUL |
CAN | DEV | GEN IRON LT-P1 | END MANGANESE LT-P1 | END | MUL | REP]

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT

VOC Content data is not applicable for this product category.

CERTIFICATIONS AND COMPLIANCE *See Section 3 for additional listings.*

VOC emissions: Inherently non-emitting source per LEED

CONSISTENCY WITH OTHER PROGRAMS

No pre-checks completed or disclosed

Third Party Verified?

- Yes
- No

PREPARER: Self-Prepared

VERIFIER: WAP Sustainability Consulting

VERIFICATION #: zPr-13946

SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12

PUBLISHED DATE: 2022-06-08

EXPIRY DATE: 2024-12-12

Section 2: Content in Descending Order of Quantity

This section lists contents in a product based on specific threshold(s) and reports detailed health information including hazards. This HPD uses the inventory method indicated above, which is one of three possible methods:

- Basic Inventory method with Product-level threshold.
- Nested Material Inventory method with Product-level threshold
- Nested Material Inventory method with individual Material-level thresholds

Definitions and requirements for the three inventory methods and requirements for each data field can be found in the HPD Open Standard version 2.2, available on the HPDC website at: www.hpd-collaborative.org/hpd-2-2-standard

UNS C70600 COPPER ALLOY

#: 100.0000 - 100.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: Other

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:32

#: 85.1500 - 90.0000 GS: LT-UNK RC: Both NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Cu is the remainder after all other alloying elements are included. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:40

#: 9.0000 - 11.0000 GS: LT-1 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:44 | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------------|
| %: 1.0000 - 1.8000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor | | |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES: | | | | |

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:53 | | |
|--|---|---|----------|-------------------------------|
| %: 0.0000 - 1.0000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor | | |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters | | |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B] | | |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:52**%: **0.0000 - 1.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:52**%: **0.0000 - 0.0500** GS: **BM-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: Other

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:31**

?: **86.5000 - 100.0000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:31**

?: **9.0000 - 11.0000** GS: **LT-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:44**%: **1.0000 - 1.8000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:46**%: **0.0000 - 1.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

MUL German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters Class 2 - Hazard to Waters

REP GHS - Japan H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B]

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:47**%: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

MUL German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters Class 2 - Hazard to Waters

PHY EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1]

AQU EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]

AQU EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]

PHY EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1]

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

GRAPHITE

ID: 7440-44-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:48**%: **0.0000 - 0.0500** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:49**

#: **0.0000 - 0.0200**

GS: **BM-1**

RC: **UNK**

NANO: **No**

SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

PHOSPHORUS

ID: 7723-14-0

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:58 | | |
| %: 0.0000 - 0.0200 | GS: BM-2 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| MAM | US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances | Extremely Hazardous Substances | | |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H228 - Flammable solid [Flammable solids - Category 1 or 2] | | |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy. | | | | |

SULFUR, ELEMENTAL

ID: 7704-34-9

| | | | | |
|---|---|--|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:42:00 | | |
| %: 0.0000 - 0.0200 | GS: LT-UNK | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2] | | |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy. | | | | |

UNS C71000 COPPER ALLOY

%: **100.0000 - 100.0000**

| | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| PRODUCT THRESHOLD: Other | RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes | MATERIAL TYPE: Metal |
| RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition | | |
| OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org , duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min. | | |

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

| | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:32 | | |
| %: 73.9500 - 81.0000 | GS: LT-UNK | RC: Both | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists | | |
| SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Cu is the remainder after all other alloying elements are included. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products. | | | | |

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:37 | | |
| %: 19.0000 - 23.0000 | GS: LT-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

| | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:42:02 | | | |
| %: 0.0000 - 0.0500 | GS: BM-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:56**%: **0.0000 - 1.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END

TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors

Potential Endocrine Disruptor

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:56**%: **0.0000 - 1.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END

TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors

Potential Endocrine Disruptor

MUL

German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters

Class 2 - Hazard to Waters

REP

GHS - Japan

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B]

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:54**%: **0.0000 - 1.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END

TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors

Potential Endocrine Disruptor

MUL

German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters

Class 2 - Hazard to Waters

PHY

EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1

H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1]

AQU

EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1]

AQU

EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1]

PHY

EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1

H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1]

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C71500 COPPER ALLOY

%: **100.0000 - 100.0000**PRODUCT THRESHOLD: **Other**RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: **Yes**MATERIAL TYPE: **Metal**RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: **Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition**

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:34**%: **63.9500 - 70.6000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

None found

No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Cu is the remainder after all other alloying elements are included. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:36**%: **29.0000 - 33.0000** GS: **LT-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

| | | |
|-----|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:45**%: **0.4000 - 1.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:54 | | |
|---|------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| #: 0.0000 - 1.0000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:55 | | |
|---|------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| #: 0.0000 - 1.0000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:55 | | |
|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| #: 0.0000 - 0.0500 | GS: BM-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C71520 COPPER ALLOY

%: 100.0000 - 100.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: Other

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:34

%: 65.0000 - 100.0000 GS: LT-UNK RC: Both NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

None found

No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:36

%: 29.0000 - 33.0000 GS: LT-1 RC: UNK NANO: No SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:45 | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 0.4000 - 1.0000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor | | |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:57 | | | |
|---|---|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 0.0000 - 1.0000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor | | |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters | | |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B] | | |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

#: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

GRAPHITE ID: **7440-44-0**

#: **0.0000 - 0.0500** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

LEAD ID: **7439-92-1**

#: **0.0000 - 0.0200** GS: **BM-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

PHOSPHORUS

ID: 7723-14-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:04**%: **0.0000 - 0.0200** GS: **BM-2** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| MAM | US EPA - EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances | Extremely Hazardous Substances |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H228 - Flammable solid [Flammable solids - Category 1 or 2] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

SULFUR, ELEMENTAL

ID: 7704-34-9

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:05**%: **0.0000 - 0.0200** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H315 - Causes skin irritation [Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C72500 COPPER ALLOY%: **100.0000 - 100.0000**PRODUCT THRESHOLD: **Other** RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: **Yes** MATERIAL TYPE: **Metal**

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.8% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:31**%: **85.8500 - 89.7000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Cu is the remainder after all other alloying elements are included. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:42**%: **8.5000 - 10.0000** GS: **LT-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

TIN, ORGANIC

ID: 7440-31-5

| | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:43 | | |
| %: 1.8000 - 2.8000 | GS: LT-UNK | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists | | |

SUBSTANCE NOTES:

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:22 | | |
| %: 0.0000 - 0.0500 | GS: BM-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:17**%: **0.0000 - 0.2000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:05**%: **0.0000 - 0.6000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:06**%: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C73500 COPPER ALLOY%: **100.0000 - 100.0000**PRODUCT THRESHOLD: **Other** RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: **Yes** MATERIAL TYPE: **Metal**

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:33**

#: **70.5000 - 73.0000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:38**

#: **16.5000 - 19.0000** GS: **LT-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:43**

#: **7.1600 - 13.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Zn is the remainder after all the other alloying elements are included.

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:01**

#: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:06**

#: **0.0000 - 0.2500** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:11**

#: **0.0000 - 0.0900** GS: **BM-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C74000 COPPER ALLOY

%: 100.0000 - 100.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: Other

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: Yes

MATERIAL TYPE: Metal

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:33**

%: **69.0000 - 73.0000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:39**

%: **15.1500 - 22.0000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Zn is the remainder after all the other alloying elements are included.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:14**

%: **9.0000 - 11.0000** GS: **LT-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

| | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:42:18 | | | |
| %: 0.0000 - 0.1000 | GS: BM-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:28**%: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:31**%: **0.0000 - 0.2500** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C74500 COPPER ALLOY%: **100.0000 - 100.0000**PRODUCT THRESHOLD: **Other** RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: **Yes** MATERIAL TYPE: **Metal**

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. 0.05% Pb, max. for rod, wire, and tube. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:35**%: **63.5000 - 66.0000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|------------------------|--|
| None found | | No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:37**%: **22.1600 - 27.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|--|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Zn is the remainder after all the other alloying elements are included.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:42 | | |
|--|---|---|----------|-------------------------------|
| #: 9.0000 - 11.0000 | GS: LT-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen | | |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man | | |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans | | |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen | | |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen | | |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans | | |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagens (Rs) - sensitizer-induced | | |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen | | |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization | | |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters | | |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] | | |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] | | |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] | | |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:42:34 | | |
|--|----------|--|----------|-------------------------------|
| #: 0.0000 - 0.0900 | GS: BM-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:37**%: **0.0000 - 0.2500** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:40**%: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

MUL German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters Class 2 - Hazard to Waters

REP GHS - Japan H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B]

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

UNS C75200 COPPER ALLOY

%: 100.0000 - 100.0000

PRODUCT THRESHOLD: **Other**RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES CONSIDERED: **Yes**MATERIAL TYPE: **Metal**

RESIDUALS AND IMPURITIES NOTES: Defined by UNS per Metal Alloy special condition

OTHER MATERIAL NOTES: This formulation was generated based on the UNS designation for the alloy as found at www.unscopperalloys.org, duplicated in the Toxnot Shared Materials library. Metal alloys have different intrinsic characteristics than their alloying elements, including health and environmental hazards. As such, alloys are generally expected to have different hazards than their alloying elements. This alloy is one in a list of multiple alloys that may be used to meet the product standard and, as such, shall be treated as an alternate of all other alloys listed in this HPD. This alloy is registered with the U.S. EPA as antimicrobial. Cu + Sum of Named Elements 99.5% min.

COPPER

ID: 7440-50-8

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:35**%: **63.0000 - 66.0000** GS: **LT-UNK** RC: **Both** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

None found No warnings found on HPD Priority Hazard Lists

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Ag, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Ag, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Recyclable copper materials generated during production which is recycled within the plant where it originates, or bought back from customers or scrap dealers (i.e. punchings from stamping operations, clippings, gates/risers from castings). Post-Consumer Recycled Content Products: Scrap copper wires, cables, tubes, coins, busbar, and strip, plate, and sheet (e.g., roofing, cladding, gutters, flashing) products.

NICKEL (METALLIC)

ID: 7440-02-0

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:41:38**%: **16.5000 - 19.0000** GS: **LT-1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|---|---|
| CAN | US CDC - Occupational Carcinogens | Occupational Carcinogen |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 1 - Substances that cause cancer in man |
| CAN | IARC | Group 1 - Agent is Carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Known to be a human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| RES | AOEC - Asthmagens | Asthmagen (Rs) - sensitizer-induced |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| RES | MAK | Sensitizing Substance Sah - Danger of airway & skin sensitization |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters |
| SKI | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction [Skin sensitization - Category 1] |
| CAN | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H351 - Suspected of causing cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 2] |
| MAM | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure [Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This value includes Co, though it is not intentionally added and may only be present as a residual of the process by which raw material (i.e., Cu ore) is refined. However, due to the high value of Co, refining operations prioritize its removal to the highest extent practical.

ZINC

ID: 7440-66-6

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:39 | | |
|---|---|--|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 14.2000 - 20.5000 | GS: LT-P1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |
| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS | | |
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor | | |
| MUL | German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters | Class 2 - Hazard to Waters | | |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously [Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases - Category 1] | | |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1] | | |
| AQU | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects [Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1] | | |
| PHY | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air [Pyrophoric liquids; Pyrophoric solids - Category 1] | | |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: Zn is the remainder after all the other alloying elements are included.

LEAD

ID: 7439-92-1

| HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: Pharos Chemical and Materials Library | | HAZARD SCREENING DATE: 2021-12-12 20:41:51 | | |
|---|-----------------|---|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| %: 0.0000 - 0.0500 | GS: BM-1 | RC: UNK | NANO: No | SUBSTANCE ROLE: Alloy element |

| HAZARD TYPE | AGENCY AND LIST TITLES | WARNINGS |
|-------------|--|---|
| END | TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors | Potential Endocrine Disruptor |
| PBT | OSPAR - Priority PBTs & EDs & equivalent concern | PBT - Chemical for Priority Action |
| REP | EU - SVHC Authorisation List | Toxic to reproduction - Candidate list |
| PBT | OR DEQ - Priority Persistent Pollutants | Priority Persistent Pollutant - Tier 1 |
| MUL | ChemSec - SIN List | CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen &/or Reproductive Toxicant |
| CAN | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2b - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |
| CAN | MAK | Carcinogen Group 2 - Considered to be carcinogenic for man |
| CAN | US NIH - Report on Carcinogens | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen |
| DEV | G&L - Neurotoxic Chemicals | Developmental Neurotoxicant |
| CAN | US EPA - IRIS Carcinogens | (1986) Group B2 - Probable human Carcinogen |
| CAN | IARC | Group 2a - Agent is probably Carcinogenic to humans |
| DEV | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Developmental toxicity |
| PBT | US EPA - Priority PBTs (NWMP) | Priority PBT |
| PBT | WA DoE - PBT | PBT |
| PBT | US EPA - Toxics Release Inventory PBTs | PBT |
| DEV | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Developmental Toxicity |
| REP | US NIH - Reproductive & Developmental Monographs | Clear Evidence of Adverse Effects - Reproductive Toxicity |
| REP | EU - REACH Annex XVII CMRs | Toxic to Reproduction Category 1 - Substances known to impair fertility or cause Developmental Toxicity in humans |
| REP | EU - Annex VI CMRs | Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1A |
| GEN | MAK | Germ Cell Mutagen 3a |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Female |
| REP | CA EPA - Prop 65 | Reproductive Toxicity - Male |
| REP | GHS - New Zealand | 6.8A - Known or presumed human reproductive or developmental toxicants |
| CAN | GHS - Korea | H350 - May cause cancer [Carcinogenicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Korea | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1] |
| REP | GHS - Japan | H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1A] |
| DEV | GHS - Australia | H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| REP | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child [Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A or 1B] |
| DEV | EU - GHS (H-Statements) Annex 6 Table 3-1 | H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children [Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation] |

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

IRON

ID: 7439-89-6

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:45**%: **0.0000 - 0.2500** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

MANGANESE

ID: 7439-96-5

HAZARD SCREENING METHOD: **Pharos Chemical and Materials Library** HAZARD SCREENING DATE: **2021-12-12 20:42:48**%: **0.0000 - 0.5000** GS: **LT-P1** RC: **UNK** NANO: **No** SUBSTANCE ROLE: **Alloy element**

HAZARD TYPE

AGENCY AND LIST TITLES

WARNINGS

END TEDX - Potential Endocrine Disruptors Potential Endocrine Disruptor

MUL German FEA - Substances Hazardous to Waters Class 2 - Hazard to Waters

REP GHS - Japan H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child [Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B]

SUBSTANCE NOTES: This is a residual element in the alloy.

Section 3: Certifications and Compliance

This section lists applicable certification and standards compliance information for VOC emissions and VOC content. Other types of health or environmental performance testing or certifications completed for the product may be provided.

VOC EMISSIONS

Inherently non-emitting source per LEED

CERTIFYING PARTY: Self-declared

ISSUE DATE: 2021-12-

EXPIRY DATE:

CERTIFIER OR LAB: Self-Declared

APPLICABLE FACILITIES: All

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CERTIFICATE URL:

CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE NOTES:

Section 4: Accessories

This section lists related products or materials that the manufacturer requires or recommends for installation (such as adhesives or fasteners), maintenance, cleaning, or operations. For information relating to the contents of these related products, refer to their applicable Health Product Declarations, if available.

No accessories are required for this product.

Section 5: General Notes

Substance ranges within the HPD are due to the variability in the UNS formulations. This HPD is meant to provide likely formulations of copper products found within the ASTM standard and lists the copper alloy(s) referenced in that standard. Manufacturers should be contacted to obtain a true disclosure for the product in question.

A list of Copper Development Association members can be found at <https://www.copper.org/about/cda-members.html>.

US EPA-registered alloys are registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) no 'unreasonable adverse effects' standard. This means that EPA determined that these products pose no risks to public health. See <https://www.antimicrobialcopper.org/us> for more information.

Related Construction Specifications Institute MasterFormat designations include the following. These are provided as a general guideline; others sections may apply.

- 05 52 13 Pipe and Tube Railings
- 08 71 13 Automatic Door Operators
- 08 71 53 Security Door Hardware
- 08 75 00 Window Hardware
- 08 75 13 Automatic Window Equipment
- 08 75 16 Window Operators
- 10 28 13 Toilet Accessories
- 10 28 16 Bath Accessories
- 11 21 13 Cash Registers and Checking Equipment
- 11 21 23 Vending Equipment
- 11 21 24 Money Changing Machines
- 11 22 16.16 Automatic Banking Systems
- 11 28 13 Computers
- 11 28 16 Printers
- 11 28 23 Copiers
- 11 30 13 Residential Appliances
- 11 53 00 Laboratory Equipment
- 11 53 16 Laboratory Incubators
- 11 66 13 Exercise Equipment
- 11 66 23 Gymnasium Equipment
- 11 72 13 Examination Equipment
- 11 72 53 Treatment Equipment
- 11 76 00 Operating Room Equipment
- 11 98 14 Detention Door Hardware
- 12 31 16 Manufactured Metal Sandwich Panel Casework
- 12 35 00 Specialty Casework
- 12 35 17 Bank Casework
- 12 35 25 Hospitality Casework
- 12 35 30 Residential Casework
- 12 35 33 Utility Room Casework
- 12 35 36 Mailroom Casework
- 12 35 39 Commercial Kitchen Casework

12 35 50 Educational/Library Casework
12 35 53 Laboratory Casework
12 35 59 Display Casework
12 35 70 Healthcare Casework
12 35 83 Performing Arts Casework
12 35 91 Religious Casework
12 36 16 Metal Countertops
12 41 13 Desk Accessories
12 51 16.13 Metal Case Goods
12 52 13 Chairs
12 52 70 Healthcare Seating
12 54 13 Hotel and Motel Furniture
12 54 16 Restaurant Furniture
12 54 83 Custom Hospitality Furniture
12 55 13 Detention Bunks
12 55 16 Detention Desks
12 55 19 Detention Stools
12 55 23 Detention Tables
12 55 26 Detention Safety Clothes Hooks
12 55 83 Custom Detention Furniture
12 55 86 Detention Control Room Furniture
12 56 23 Religious Furniture
12 56 33 Classroom Furniture
12 56 39 Lecterns
12 56 43 Dormitory Furniture
12 56 51 Library Furniture
12 56 52 Audio-Visual Furniture
12 56 53 Laboratory Furniture
12 56 70 Healthcare Furniture
12 56 83 Custom Institutional Furniture
12 56 86 Institutional Control Room Furniture
12 61 13 Upholstered Audience Seating
12 61 16 Molded-Plastic Audience Seating
12 62 13 Folding Chairs
12 62 16 Interlocking Chairs
12 62 19 Stacking Chairs
12 62 23 Portable Bleachers
12 63 13 Stadium and Arena Bench Seating
12 63 23 Stadium and Arena Seats
12 64 00 Booths and Tables
12 65 00 Multiple-Use Fixed Seating
14 28 16 Elevator Controls
22 41 13 Residential Water Closets, Urinals, and Bidets
22 41 16 Residential Lavatories and Sinks
22 41 36 Residential Laundry Trays
22 41 39 Residential Faucets, Supplies, and Trim
22 42 13 Commercial Water Closets, Urinals, and Bidets
22 42 16 Commercial Lavatories and Sinks
22 42 23 Commercial Showers
22 42 33 Wash Fountains
22 42 36 Commercial Laundry Trays
22 42 39 Commercial Faucets, Supplies, and Trim
22 42 43 Flushometers
22 43 13 Healthcare Water Closets
22 43 16 Healthcare Sinks
22 43 19 Healthcare Bathtubs
22 43 23 Healthcare Showers
22 43 39 Healthcare Faucets
22 43 43 Healthcare Plumbing Fixture Flushometers
22 46 13 Security Water Closets and Urinals
22 46 16 Security Lavatories and Sinks
22 46 39 Security Faucets, Supplies, and Trim
22 46 43 Security Plumbing Fixture Flushometers
22 46 53 Security Plumbing Fixture Supports
22 47 13 Drinking Fountains
23 05 63 Anti-Microbial Coatings for HVAC Ducts and Equipment
23 09 13 Instrumentation and Control Devices for HVAC
23 31 13 Metal Ducts
28 14 13 Access Control Door Controllers
41 53 13 Storage Cabinets

MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

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The listed contact is responsible for the validity of this HPD and attests that it is accurate and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.

KEY

Hazard Types

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| AQU Aquatic toxicity | LAN Land toxicity | PHY Physical hazard (flammable or reactive) |
| CAN Cancer | MAM Mammalian/systemic/organ toxicity | REP Reproductive |
| DEV Developmental toxicity | MUL Multiple | RES Respiratory sensitization |
| END Endocrine activity | NEU Neurotoxicity | SKI Skin sensitization/irritation/corrosivity |
| EYE Eye irritation/corrosivity | NF Not found on Priority Hazard Lists | UNK Unknown |
| GEN Gene mutation | OZO Ozone depletion | |
| GLO Global warming | PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic | |

GreenScreen (GS)

| | |
|---|--|
| BM-4 Benchmark 4 (prefer-safer chemical) | LT-1 List Translator 1 (Likely Benchmark-1) |
| BM-3 Benchmark 3 (use but still opportunity for improvement) | LT-UNK List Translator Benchmark Unknown (the chemical is present on at least one GreenScreen Specified List, but the information contained within the list did not result in a clear mapping to a LT-1 or LTP1 score.) |
| BM-2 Benchmark 2 (use but search for safer substitutes) | NoGS No GreenScreen. |
| BM-1 Benchmark 1 (avoid - chemical of high concern) | |
| BM-U Benchmark Unspecified (due to insufficient data) | |
| LT-P1 List Translator Possible 1 (Possible Benchmark-1) | |

Recycled Types

- PreC** Pre-consumer recycled content
- PostC** Post-consumer recycled content
- UNK** Inclusion of recycled content is unknown
- None** Does not include recycled content

Other Terms:

GHS SDS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals Safety Data Sheet

Inventory Methods:

- Nested Method / Material Threshold** Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per material
- Nested Method / Product Threshold** Substances listed within each material per threshold indicated per product
- Basic Method / Product Threshold** Substances listed individually per threshold indicated per product

- Nano** Composed of nano scale particles or nanotechnology
- Third Party Verified** Verification by independent certifier approved by HPDC
- Preparer** Third party preparer, if not self-prepared by manufacturer
- Applicable facilities** Manufacturing sites to which testing applies

The Health Product Declaration (HPD) Open Standard provides for the disclosure of product contents and potential associated human and environmental health hazards. Hazard associations are based on the HPD Priority Hazard Lists, the GreenScreen List Translator™, and when available, full GreenScreen® assessments. The HPD Open Standard v2.1 is not:

- a method for the assessment of exposure or risk associated with product handling or use,
- a method for assessing potential health impacts of: (i) substances used or created during the manufacturing process or (ii) substances created after the product is delivered for end use.

Information about life cycle, exposure and/or risk assessments performed on the product may be reported by the manufacturer in appropriate Notes sections, and/or, where applicable, in the Certifications section.

The HPD Open Standard was created and is supported by the Health Product Declaration Collaborative (the HPD Collaborative), a customer-led organization composed of stakeholders throughout the building industry that is committed to the continuous improvement of building products through transparency, openness, and innovation throughout the product supply chain.

The product manufacturer and any applicable independent verifier are solely responsible for the accuracy of statements and claims made in this HPD and for compliance with the HPD standard noted.